

NAME:

Math 22 Spring 2009—QUIZ 1

1. Sketch the region enclosed by the curves  $y = x^2$  and  $x = y^2$  and find the area of the region.

**Solution:** The area is obtained by integrating the height between the two curves from  $x = 0$  to  $x = 1$ , so is given by

$$\int_{x=0}^1 (\sqrt{x} - x^2) dx = \left( \frac{x^{3/2}}{3/2} - \frac{x^3}{3} \right) \Big|_0^1 = \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3}.$$

2. Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by the curves  $y = x^2$  and  $y = x$  about the  $y$ -axis. Sketch the region, the solid, and a typical washer.

**Solution:** For each  $y$  from 0 to 1, the cross section of the region is a washer with outer radius given by the  $x$ -coordinate of the point on the parabola  $y = x^2$  (so  $x = \sqrt{y}$ ) and inner radius given by the  $x$ -coordinate of the point on the line  $y = x$  (so  $x = y$ ). The width of the washer is  $dy$ , so the volume of the solid is given by

$$\int_0^1 \pi [(\sqrt{y})^2 - (y)^2] dy.$$

Evaluating the integral we obtain

$$V = \int_0^1 \pi [(\sqrt{y})^2 - (y)^2] dy = \pi \left( \frac{y^2}{2} - \frac{y^3}{3} \right) \Big|_0^1 = \pi \left( \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} \right) = \frac{\pi}{6}.$$